## 108TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

## H. RES. 308

Expressing the sense of the House of Representatives that the Federal Government should actively pursue a unified approach to strengthen and promote the national policy on aquaculture.

## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

July 8, 2003

Mr. McIntyre submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on Resources, and in addition to the Committee on Agriculture, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

## RESOLUTION

Expressing the sense of the House of Representatives that the Federal Government should actively pursue a unified approach to strengthen and promote the national policy on aquaculture.

Whereas the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations determined that aquaculture is the fastest growing food sector that provides animal protein for citizens of the world;

Whereas global aquacultural production, including the production of aquatic plants, has increased at an average rate of 9.2 percent per year since 1970, compared with an average rate of increase of only 1.4 percent for cap-

ture fisheries and 2.8 percent for terrestrial-farmed meat production systems;

Whereas freshwater aquacultural production increased from 15,900,000 metric tons in 1996 to 22,600,000 metric tons in 2001, marine aquacultural production increased from 10,800,000 metric tons in 1996 to 15,200,000 metric tons in 2001, and total aquacultural production increased from 26,700,000 metric tons in 1996 to 37,800,000 metric tons in 2001;

Whereas economic modeling predicts that global annual consumption of fish and shellfish per person will increase over time, from approximately 16 kilograms in 2003 to between 19 and 21 kilograms in 2030, due to increased health consciousness and the stronger demand for seafood products;

Whereas the United States imports more than 60 percent of its seafood products, resulting in an annual seafood trade deficit in excess of \$7,000,000,000; and

Whereas section 7139 of the Farm Security and Rural Investment Act of 2002 reauthorized the National Aquaculture Act of 1980 until 2007, but did not adequately address emerging national issues such as offshore aquacultural development, water quality concerns, invasive species impacts, and a coordinated siting, permitting, and licensing process: Now, therefore, be it

- 1 Resolved, That it is the sense of the House of Rep-
- 2 resentatives that the Federal Government should actively
- 3 pursue a unified approach to strengthen and promote the
- 4 national policy on aquaculture, including as priorities—

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- (1) ensuring the sustainable development of production where aquaculture is economically viable, environmentally feasible, and culturally acceptable;
  - (2) analyzing the supply and demand for domestic and exported aquacultural products to enable the United States to compete in the global marketplace;
  - (3) increasing the availability of technical and scientific information that addresses environmentally sound aquacultural development and production activities;
  - (4) increasing the availability of technical and scientific information that will promote stock enhancement of marine aquatic species where wild stocks have been depleted;
  - (5) encouraging and identifying marine zones favorable to aquaculture that take into consideration desired environmental conditions and potential use conflicts; and
  - (6) establishing a goal of a five-fold increase in United States aquacultural production by 2025.